

## FINANCIAL CRASH OF DE CASSELLANE.

Paris Wildly Excited by His Rock-  
less Squandering of  
Gould Millions.

CREDITORS HOLDING THE BAG.

Estimates of His Losses Now as  
High as Four Million Dollars—  
Tried to Borrow in London—  
Father Defends Him.

### SPECIAL BY CABLE.

Paris, Jan. 18.—Copyright, 1900, by W. R. Hearst.—Social Paris is wild with excitement to-night over the financial collapse of Count de Cassellane, who has been making such reckless plunges into society and political life with the Gould millions, brought him by his wife from America.

Announcement was made this morning that Cassellane is enormously involved on the Bourse by stock speculation and has lost everything.

This was followed by the discovery that Cassellane and his wife sailed secretly last Saturday for New York. The movements of the Cassellanes have always been promptly chronicled in the newspapers, but this time they slipped away so quietly from Havre that their departure was unknown.

The old Marquis de Cassellane, father of Count Bond, issued a letter this evening denying that his son had speculated on the Bourse, but it failed to allay the excitement. The letter is merely accepted as meaning that the father knew nothing of the young count's plunges. The first report that Count Bond had lost \$500,000 before evening to \$1,000,000, while late tonight there are many reports that the total loss is \$1,000,000.

The generally accepted version is that it was a reckless attempt to recoup his lost fortune that led Cassellane to speculate so furiously. His impetuosity has been the gossip of the boulevard, clubs and cafes for many months. His so-called "bills of honor" have been left unpaid, so much so that his fashionable friends of the Boulevard St. Germain have cut him. The American Countess de Bond, formerly Miss Webster, publicly proclaims that the aristocracy have declined to receive the Cassellanes for months.

**Borrowed Where He Could.**  
Count Bond borrowed in every place he could. He even went to London recently with strong letters of introduction to the notorious English money lender, Sam Lewis. Although he offered his two sons as security, Lewis declined to lend.

Partisans are ready to contend that while all the Gould millions are gone, they cannot at some few charities and many monuments. Among the former are mentioned their expatriate chapel, costing \$500,000, in an extravagant cemetery.

Among the monuments are the magnificent mansion in the Avenue du Bois de Boulogne, which is said to have cost \$300,000, and the historic "chateau de Fontaine" which rivaled ancient royal residences in its magnificence, racing stables, yachts, the famous pearl necklace, and certain extravagant indiscretions that Count Bond has been indulging in.

To these are added the enormous amount of money spent on getting himself elected a Deputy. It is believed now that Bond gave more to the Royalist cause than has hitherto been supposed.

There has been talk of putting Cassellane under the control of the court in order to stop his reckless expenditure. Indeed, the famous mansion in the Bois is said to be in danger of being sold.

**Wild Plunging.**  
Cassellane's crash appears to have been the result of wild plunging. Operating through seven or eight companies, he had managed his speculations up to \$500,000, the meantime increasing his loss wherever possible. When the accounts grew too heavy, the inevitable crash came.

Cassellane's stocks had so far depreciated that his brokers' patience was exhausted, and they began a scramble to unload. Suddenly, the favorite "chateau de Fontaine" crashed, dropping 45 francs, Paris Gas 2, St. Louis 2, Chateaux de Reims 20 and Haut 100.

The exact amount of losses by this forced liquidation is impossible to estimate, as the brokers were not allowed to publish a final statement. Some gossip says \$2,000,000, but this probably is an exaggeration.

The Countess's dowry is invested in America, only the income being available for the Paris household expenses. This income is supposed to aggregate \$1,500,000, but fully absorbed by the extravagant style of living. The Countess's stocks are held fast by trustees.

It is said that Count Bond has 15,000 pairs of trousers, and it is declared that he never wears the same pair twice. Another instance of extravagance was a bed coverlet costing \$5,000.

**A Challenge to a Duel.**  
The Marquis's assertions were the leading topics of conversation at the clubs and social meetings throughout the day, fueling the excitement and the story, although without in any way guaranteeing its accuracy.

The Count's father later gave a fresh turn to the affair by writing a letter to the editor of Figaro, Ferdinand de Rodays, intimating that he would be prepared to fight a duel with the Count on the latter's return or even with the Marquis himself.

In the course of the communication, denouncing the statement of the Figaro as "challenging," the Marquis says:

"If my son were not the Count de New York, he would undertake to demonstrate to you the emptiness of this little article, and would prefer from you a reputation on grounds he would choose. In his absence, I take his place. Your scandalous insinuation is a mere political trick, which others would describe as defamatory."

The duel which the Count de New York would undertake to demonstrate to you the emptiness of this little article, and would prefer from you a reputation on grounds he would choose. In his absence, I take his place. Your scandalous insinuation is a mere political trick, which others would describe as defamatory."

It is not difficult to see the origin and motive of this "challenger." It is believed to injure him who drove Joseph Bonaparte from his seat in Parliament. This is a political and not a personal matter.

**MEETING IN BERLIN.**  
Chapter of the Order of the Black Eagle Held at the Castle.

Berlin, Jan. 18.—A chapter of the Order of the Black Eagle was held in the Castle today. Among those who participated were Prince Hohenzollern, Count von Waldersee, Prince Friedrich Leopold and Archduke of Prussia; Prince Bernhard of Saxe-Meiningen, Prince Henry of Prussia, Prince Anton Radzivil, Field Marshal von Bismarck, now 86 years old, and Herr Adolph Menzel, now in his eighty-fifth year.

Emperor William, as grand master of the order, presided. The proceedings were a purple velvet cloak over the embroidered uniform of a General, with the chain of the order upon his shoulders. Fanfare were blown during the procession, reaching fortissimo as the Kaiser ascended the throne.

The new members were then initiated, including Duke Albrecht and Nicholas of Wurttemberg and General von Bismarck. The chapter was held behind closed doors, the table being of horseshoe shape, with the Emperor occupying the center.

**OPPOSE EIGHT-HOUR LAW.**  
Mine Owners of West Kentucky Ask That It Be Repealed.

Victoria, British Columbia, Jan. 18.—A petition has been presented to the Legislature from all the leading mines of West Kentucky, representing \$500,000 of capital, seeking the repeal of the eight-hour law and declaring it had been prematurely and improperly introduced and had excluded capital and deprived mine owners of work at a profit. It is constitutional, it is challenged, and the declaration is made that

unless it is repealed or amended it will be necessary to close the mines or cut the wages.

## ENTOMBED MINER STARVED TO DEATH.

William Callaway Lived for Days  
on Lamp Oil and Drip-  
ping Water.

KEPT A DIARY WITH CHALK.

Fond Messages to Wife and Child  
Found Written on Tim-  
bers in His Underground  
Prison and Tomb.

REPORTER SPECIAL.

Butteville, Pa., Jan. 18.—Entombed in a mine for more than two weeks, living on oil from his lamp and water he caught in a cask as it dripped from the roof, William Callaway, a fire boss, kept, with chalk marks on the timbers of his prison, a record of the days.

Callaway was caught by a flood in the mine on December 18. When his body was found today it was in a space only about six feet square. All around the walls were chalk marks, made indecipherable by the dampness. On the chalk battery, however, was one message that could be read. It was meant for his wife and children. "I must go," it said. "Goodbye, Jennie. I love you, Guy and Willie. For I don't think you will see me again. Goodbye, wife."

The report that a French squadron has been ordered here is denied.

**AN AMERICAN BRIDE.**  
Carl Wilhelm von Meister and Miss  
Leila Trappmann Married.

London, Jan. 18.—At St. Peter's Church this afternoon, Carl Wilhelm von Meister of Hamburg was married to Miss Leila Trappmann of South Carolina. There were six bridesmaids.

**RUSSIAN IRONCLAD ASHORE.**  
The Poltava Is in a Dangerous Posi-  
tion at Liban.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 18.—The Russian ironclad Poltava of 1900 tons is danger-  
ously ashore at Liban on the Baltic.

The Poltava was built at St. Petersburg.

**FORMAL OPENING OF THE BIG CANAL.**

Just after the pent-up water was released it struck a temporary footway, two planks wide, that crossed the 160-foot opening at the bottom of the dam. This obstruction forced the water up into the air and it fell beyond, making a liquid cylinder 160 feet long. The plank walk soon was washed away.

In 1894, it is 507 feet 6 inches long and 69 feet wide and has a depth of 25 feet. Her

main consists of four 12-inch guns, twelve 13-inch quick-firing guns and thirty-four small guns. She also has six torpedoes sub-

merged in the hull. The cost of her construction was \$3,000,000.

**INCONSISTENT FRANCE.**  
Rene's Cigarette Factory and an An-  
ti-Cigarette Society.

SPECIAL BY CABLE.

Paris, Thursday, Jan. 18.—Copyright, 1900, by James Gordon Bennett.—I told you how the French Government was bringing out an extra supply of matches, though they don't say that it will be a better supply, mind you.

Now we learn that new brands of cigarettes are ready, but the style of boxes still has not been decided upon. In this important detail—how to put goods on the market in the most attractive manner, and Americans are not slow to appreciate this point.

Most cigarettes will cost 25 or 40 centimes of 8 or 10 cents a box. They are sold by new machines, which replace, to a certain extent, the old-fashioned cigarette vending machines and their attendant tobacco peddlers.

The new system imitates, so to speak, the manual rolling, and is said to be a success.

Meanwhile, the society against smoking is sending out circulars, showing the harm effect of tobacco.

Both the society and the tobacco manufacturers are very happy, because both are paid for their work.

**AGRICULTURAL CONFERENCE.**  
An Early Consideration of the Meat-  
Inspection Bill Traced.

Berlin, Jan. 18.—A largely attended meeting, promoted by American members of the Reichstag and the principal bachelors, was held in Berlin in the interest of an early consideration of the meat-inspection bill. The promoters expressed confidence in the ability to pass the measure, and the importance of the Government and Justice to the United States.

**SUCCESSFULLY FLOATED.**  
Steamer Paris Will Be Taken to Bel-  
fast for Repairs.

London, Jan. 18.—The American line steamer Paris, recently ashore off the coast of Ireland, was successfully floated out of the dock at Milford Haven, where she had been undergoing temporary repairs, previous to being taken to Belfast for a thorough overhauling.

**GOVERNMENT UPHELD.**  
Action Taken During Recent Strike  
Approved by Chamber of Deputies.

Paris, Jan. 18.—The Chamber of Deputies today passed a vote of confidence in the Government by 329 yeas to 74 nays, on the interpretation of the Government's action in the recent strike of miners at St. Etienne.

**JAPAN REFUSED.**  
Russia Has Agreed to Make Korea a  
Loan of \$12,000,000.

London, Jan. 18.—A Shanghai special says:

It is reported here that an agreement has been concluded under which Russia will lend Korea \$12,000,000, of which \$5,000,000 will be paid immediately. Korea has not successfully applied to Japan for a loan.

## ENTOMBED MINER STARVED TO DEATH.

William Callaway Lived for Days  
on Lamp Oil and Drip-  
ping Water.

KEPT A DIARY WITH CHALK.

Fond Messages to Wife and Child  
Found Written on Tim-  
bers in His Underground  
Prison and Tomb.

### REPORTER SPECIAL.

Butteville, Pa., Jan. 18.—Entombed in a mine for more than two weeks, living on oil from his lamp and water he caught in a cask as it dripped from the roof, William Callaway, a fire boss, kept, with chalk marks on the timbers of his prison, a record of the days.

Callaway was caught by a flood in the mine on December 18. When his body was found today it was in a space only about six feet square. All around the walls were chalk marks, made indecipherable by the dampness. On the chalk battery, however, was one message that could be read. It was meant for his wife and children. "I must go," it said. "Goodbye, Jennie. I love you, Guy and Willie. For I don't think you will see me again. Goodbye, wife."

The report that a French squadron has been ordered here is denied.

**AN AMERICAN BRIDE.**  
Carl Wilhelm von Meister and Miss  
Leila Trappmann Married.

London, Jan. 18.—At St. Peter's Church this afternoon, Carl Wilhelm von Meister of Hamburg was married to Miss Leila Trappmann of South Carolina. There were six bridesmaids.

**RUSSIAN IRONCLAD ASHORE.**  
The Poltava Is in a Dangerous Posi-  
tion at Liban.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 18.—The Russian ironclad Poltava of 1900 tons is danger-  
ously ashore at Liban on the Baltic.

The Poltava was built at St. Petersburg.

**FORMAL OPENING OF THE BIG CANAL.**

Just after the pent-up water was released it struck a temporary footway, two planks wide, that crossed the 160-foot opening at the bottom of the dam. This obstruction forced the water up into the air and it fell beyond, making a liquid cylinder 160 feet long. The plank walk soon was washed away.

In 1894, it is 507 feet 6 inches long and 69 feet wide and has a depth of 25 feet. Her

main consists of four 12-inch guns, twelve 13-inch quick-firing guns and thirty-four small guns. She also has six torpedoes sub-

merged in the hull. The cost of her construction was \$3,000,000.

**INCONSISTENT FRANCE.**  
Rene's Cigarette Factory and an An-  
ti-Cigarette Society.

SPECIAL BY CABLE.

Paris, Thursday, Jan. 18.—Copyright, 1900, by James Gordon Bennett.—I told you how the French Government was bringing out an extra supply of matches, though they don't say that it will be a better supply, mind you.

Now we learn that new brands of cigarettes are ready, but the style of boxes still has not been decided upon. In this important detail—how to put goods on the market in the most attractive manner, and Americans are not slow to appreciate this point.

Most cigarettes will cost 25 or 40 centimes of 8 or 10 cents a box. They are sold by new machines, which replace, to a certain extent, the old-fashioned cigarette vending machines and their attendant tobacco peddlers.

The new system imitates, so to speak, the manual rolling, and is said to be a success.

Meanwhile, the society against smoking is sending out circulars, showing the harm effect of tobacco.

Both the society and the tobacco manufacturers are very happy, because both are paid for their work.

**AGRICULTURAL CONFERENCE.**  
An Early Consideration of the Meat-  
Inspection Bill Traced.

Berlin, Jan. 18.—A largely attended meeting, promoted by American members of the Reichstag and the principal bachelors, was held in Berlin in the interest of an early consideration of the meat-inspection bill. The promoters expressed confidence in the ability to pass the measure, and the importance of the Government and Justice to the United States.

**SUCCESSFULLY FLOATED.**  
Steamer Paris Will Be Taken to Bel-  
fast for Repairs.

London, Jan. 18.—The American line steamer Paris, recently ashore off the coast of Ireland, was successfully floated out of the dock at Milford Haven, where she had been undergoing temporary repairs, previous to being taken to Belfast for a thorough overhauling.

**GOVERNMENT UPHELD.**  
Action Taken During Recent Strike  
Approved by Chamber of Deputies.

Paris, Jan. 18.—The Chamber of Deputies today passed a vote of confidence in the Government by 329 yeas to 74 nays, on the interpretation of the Government's action in the recent strike of miners at St. Etienne.

**JAPAN REFUSED.**  
Russia Has Agreed to Make Korea a  
Loan of \$12,000,000.

London, Jan. 18.—A Shanghai special says:

It is reported here that an agreement has been concluded under which Russia will lend Korea \$12,000,000, of which \$5,000,000 will be paid immediately. Korea has not successfully applied to Japan for a loan.

## ENTOMBED MINER STARVED TO DEATH.

William Callaway Lived for Days  
on Lamp Oil and Drip-  
ping Water.

KEPT A DIARY WITH CHALK.

Fond Messages to Wife and Child  
Found Written on Tim-  
bers in His Underground  
Prison and Tomb.

### REPORTER SPECIAL.

Butteville, Pa., Jan. 18.—Entombed in a mine for more than two weeks, living on oil from his lamp and water he caught in a cask as it dripped from the roof, William Callaway, a fire boss, kept, with chalk marks on the timbers of his prison, a record of the days.

Callaway was caught by a flood in the mine on December 18. When his body was found today it was in a space only about six feet square. All around the walls were chalk marks, made indecipherable by the dampness. On the chalk battery, however, was one message that could be read. It was meant for his wife and children. "I must go," it said. "Goodbye, Jennie. I love you, Guy and Willie. For I don't think you will see me again. Goodbye, wife."

The report that a French squadron has been ordered here is denied.

**AN AMERICAN BRIDE.**  
Carl Wilhelm von Meister and Miss  
Leila Trappmann Married.

London, Jan. 18.—At St. Peter's Church this afternoon, Carl Wilhelm von Meister of Hamburg was married to Miss Leila Trappmann of South Carolina. There were six bridesmaids.

**RUSSIAN IRONCLAD ASHORE.**  
The Poltava Is in a Dangerous Posi-  
tion at Liban.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 18.—The Russian ironclad Poltava of 1900 tons is danger-  
ously ashore at Liban on the Baltic.

The Poltava was built at St. Petersburg.

**FORMAL OPENING OF THE BIG CANAL.**

Just after the pent-up water was released it struck a temporary footway, two planks wide, that crossed the 160-foot opening at the bottom of the dam. This obstruction forced the water up into the air and it fell beyond, making a liquid cylinder 160 feet long. The plank walk soon was washed away.

In 1894, it is 507 feet 6 inches long and 69 feet wide and has a depth of 25 feet. Her

main consists of four 12-inch guns, twelve 13-inch quick-firing guns and thirty-four small guns. She also has six torpedoes sub-

merged in the hull. The cost of her construction was \$3,000,000.

**INCONSISTENT FRANCE.**  
Rene's Cigarette Factory and an An-  
ti-Cigarette Society.

SPECIAL BY CABLE.

Paris, Thursday, Jan. 18.—Copyright, 1900, by James Gordon Bennett.—I told you how the French Government was bringing out an extra supply of matches, though they don't say that it will be a better supply, mind you.

Now we learn that new brands of cigarettes are ready, but the style of boxes still has not been decided upon. In this important detail—how to put goods on the market in the most attractive manner, and Americans are not slow to appreciate this point.

Most cigarettes will cost 25 or 40 centimes of 8 or 10 cents a box. They are sold by new machines, which replace, to a certain extent, the old-fashioned cigarette vending machines and their attendant tobacco peddlers.

The new system imitates, so to speak, the manual rolling, and is said to be a success.

Meanwhile, the society against smoking is sending out circulars, showing the harm effect of tobacco.

Both the society and the tobacco manufacturers are very happy, because both are paid for their work.

**AGRICULTURAL CONFERENCE.**  
An Early Consideration of the Meat-  
Inspection Bill Traced.

Berlin, Jan. 18.—A largely attended meeting, promoted by American members of the Reichstag and the principal bachelors, was held in Berlin in the interest of an early consideration of the meat-inspection bill. The promoters expressed confidence in the ability to pass the measure, and the importance of the Government and Justice to the United States.

**SUCCESSFULLY FLOATED.**  
Steamer Paris Will Be Taken to Bel-  
fast for Repairs.

London, Jan. 18.—The American line steamer Paris, recently ashore off the coast of Ireland, was successfully floated out of the dock at Milford Haven, where she had been undergoing temporary repairs, previous to being taken to Belfast for a thorough overhauling.

**GOVERNMENT UPHELD.**  
Action Taken During Recent Strike  
Approved by Chamber of Deputies.

Paris, Jan. 18.—The Chamber of Deputies today passed a vote of confidence in the Government by 329 yeas to 74 nays, on the interpretation of the Government's action in the recent strike of miners at St. Etienne.

**JAPAN REFUSED.**  
Russia Has Agreed to Make Korea a  
Loan of \$12,000,000.

London, Jan. 18.—A Shanghai special says:

It is reported here that an agreement has been concluded under which Russia will lend Korea \$12,000,000, of which \$5,000,000 will be paid immediately. Korea has not successfully applied to Japan for a loan.

## ENTOMBED MINER STARVED TO DEATH.

William Callaway Lived for Days  
on Lamp Oil and Drip-  
ping Water.

KEPT A DIARY WITH CHALK.

Fond Messages to Wife and Child  
Found Written on Tim-  
bers in His Underground  
Prison and Tomb.

### REPORTER SPECIAL.

Butteville, Pa., Jan. 18.—Entombed in a mine for more than two weeks, living on oil from his lamp and water he caught in a cask as it dripped from the roof, William Callaway, a fire boss, kept, with chalk marks on the timbers of his prison, a record of the days.

Callaway was caught by a flood in the mine on December 18. When his body was found today it was in a space only about six feet square. All around the walls were chalk marks, made indecipherable by the dampness. On the chalk battery, however, was one message that could be read. It was meant for his wife and children. "I must go," it said. "Goodbye, Jennie. I love you, Guy and Willie. For I don't think you will see me again. Goodbye, wife."

The report that a French squadron has been ordered here is denied.

**AN AMERICAN BRIDE.**  
Carl Wilhelm von Meister and Miss  
Leila Trappmann Married.

London, Jan. 18.—At St. Peter's Church this afternoon, Carl Wilhelm von Meister of Hamburg was married to Miss Leila Trappmann of South Carolina. There were six bridesmaids.

**RUSSIAN IRONCLAD ASHORE.**  
The Poltava Is in a Dangerous Posi-  
tion at Liban.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 18.—The Russian ironclad Poltava of 1900 tons is danger-  
ously ashore at Liban on the Baltic.

The Poltava was built at St. Petersburg.

**FORMAL OPENING OF THE BIG CANAL.**

Just after the pent-up water was released it struck a temporary footway, two planks wide, that crossed the 160-foot opening at the bottom of the dam. This obstruction forced the water up into the air and it fell beyond, making a liquid cylinder 160 feet long. The plank walk soon was washed away.

In 1894, it is 507 feet 6 inches long and 69 feet wide and has a depth of 25 feet. Her

main consists of four 12-inch guns, twelve 13-inch quick-firing guns and thirty-four small guns. She also has six torpedoes sub-

merged in the hull. The cost of her construction was \$3,000,000.

**INCONSISTENT FRANCE.**  
Rene's Cigarette Factory and an An-  
ti-Cigarette Society.

SPECIAL BY CABLE.

Paris, Thursday, Jan. 18.—Copyright, 1900, by James Gordon Bennett.—I told you how the French Government was bringing out an extra supply of matches, though they don't say that it will be a better supply, mind you.

Now we learn that new brands of cigarettes are ready, but the style of boxes still has not been decided upon. In this important detail—how to put goods on the market in the most attractive manner, and Americans are not slow to appreciate this point.

Most cigarettes will cost 25 or 40 centimes of 8 or 10 cents a box. They are sold by new machines, which replace, to a certain extent, the old-fashioned cigarette vending machines and their attendant tobacco peddlers.

The new system imitates, so to speak, the manual rolling, and is said to be a success.

Meanwhile, the society against smoking is sending out circulars, showing the harm effect of tobacco.

Both the society and the tobacco manufacturers are very happy, because both are paid for their work.

**AGRICULTURAL CONFERENCE.**  
An Early Consideration of the Meat-  
Inspection Bill Traced.

Berlin, Jan. 18.—A largely attended meeting, promoted by American members of the Reichstag and the principal bachelors, was held in Berlin in the interest of an early consideration of the meat-inspection bill. The promoters expressed confidence in the ability to pass the measure, and the importance of the Government and Justice to the United States.